



HIJA High-Integrity
Java Application

**Real-Time Communication with
Direct Publish/Subscribe Event Service**

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Workshop Java Technologies for
Real-Time and Embedded Systems
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High-Integrity Java Applications (HIJA)


- ♦ **Development distributed, high-integrity systems**
 - ♦ Research project in the 6th framework program of the European Commission
- ♦ **Architecturally Neutral Design of Applications for Real-Time Systems (ANRTS)** in the domains of
 - ♦ **safety-critical** (e.g., avionics, automobile, automation control) and
 - ♦ **business-critical** (e.g., telecommunication, multimedia) systems.



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Outline


- ♦ Networking support
 - ♦ Motivation
- ♦ Publish/Subscribe event service
 - ♦ Relationship to scheduling
- ♦ Design pattern
 - ♦ ONE pattern for hard and soft real-time
- ♦ Application development
 - ♦ Declarative programming



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Improvements with Distribution

- ♦ **Motherhood & Apple Pie for Embedded Systems!**
 - ♦ **Processing of data** closer to source and sink with modern, smart sensors and actors
 - ♦ **Higher dependability** of the complete system with possible local error handling in components
 - ♦ Design for **more complex systems** with re-use of well-tested components
 - ♦ **Better scalability** with easy addition of components for replicated functionality
 - ♦ **Simplified maintainability** with modular design for component replacement




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HIJA Networking Support

- ♦ Forms of communication
 - ♦ **connection-oriented** built on existing end-to-end network connections
 - ♦ **message-based** with transmission of events
- ♦ Mechanisms in synchronisation
 - ♦ **synchronous** processing in remote threads (possible blocking)
 - ♦ **asynchronous** interaction w/o blocking

⇒ **Definition of network support in HIJA**


- ♦ connection-oriented, synchronous remote method invocation (RMI)
- ♦ Asynchronous publish/subscribe event service



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Real-Time Specification for Java (RTSJ)

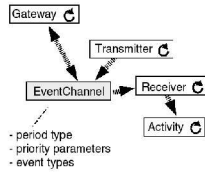
- ♦ Basis for HRTJ and FRTJ computational models
 - ♦ Minor changes
 - ♦ Java and RTSJ programming model with additional definition for architecturally neutral program descriptions
 - ♦ Tools support
 - ♦ Static & dynamic verification, runtime environment, and libraries
 - ♦ Extensions
 - ♦ Integration of real-time garbage collection for FRTJ
 - ♦ Restrictions
 - ♦ Philosophy of Ada Ravenscar profile in HRTJ
 - ♦ Separation phases for initialization and mission
 - ♦ Pre-emptive, fixed priority scheduling with priority ceiling for periodic or sporadic (i.e., minimum inter-arrival time) threads



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Publish/Subscribe Event Service

- Two different implementations, with one API
 - Hard Real-Time Java (HRTJ)
 - Flexible (Soft and Soft/Hard) Real-Time Java (FRTJ)
 - 1st version in a former the research project HIDOORS
- asynchronous, connection-less message interaction
- transient push communication
- topic-based publish/subscribe protocol
- logical event channel with system's configuration
- periodic/sporadic events



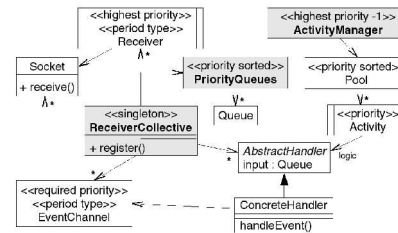
Addressed Networks/Fieldbuses

- Selection ordered by domain
 - Avionics: ARINC629
 - ARINC629 – databus standard for cabling in Boeing 777
 - Automobile: CAN, TT-CAN, TTP/C, FlexRay
 - Event based Controller Area Network (CAN), Time Triggered Protocol (TTP) or mixed implementation with FlexRay protocol
 - Automation Control: ProfiBus, Ethernet/IP
 - Fieldbuses and development for internet technology
- Used common attribute
 - Communication with broadcast or one-to-many (multicast) interaction

Related Work

- Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA)
 - Specification collection of object/service information model for heterogeneous applications
 - RT-CORBA – real-time extension for ORB
 - CORBA Messaging – asynchronous event communication
 - CORBA Event-Service, Notification-Service – event services with CORBA 3.0
 - Minimum CORBA – adaptation for embedded systems
 - More or less implementations
 - ROFES – 1st work to mix real-time and minimum (C++, CAN)
 - ZEN – CORBA for Java / RTSJ
 - Open System Architecture – Platform for Universal Services (OSA+)
 - Hardware-related micro kernel, service-oriented arch.

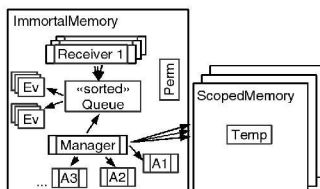
Design Pattern



- Receiver Collective – only receive and sort in queues
- Activity Manager – start handling logic
- Queues – priority sorted

Implementation with HRTJ

- Memory (heap) and Threads
 - Object creation in ImmortalMemory in initialization phase
 - Re-used buffer for events receiving, simple (de-) serialization (low protocol overhead)
 - Non-nested ScopedMemory for handling logic per period



Integration in HIJA Scheduling

- Concurrent threads needs scheduling
- Use for Fixed Priority Scheduling
 - Priority assignment rate-monotonic with length of period or time for next deadline
 - Sporadic and periodic receivers with maximum priority (sporadic server)
 - Periodic execution of activity manager
 - Handling logic with calculated priority (event channel)
 - Definition of round for periodic execution (maximum static buffer size)
- Verification with static feasibility and scheduling analysis for the whole system

Application Development (1/3)

- Static information for verification used for declarative development, definition of

- System node

- Network access point

```
<socket name="tcp">
  <code>TTPSocket.instance()</code><buffer>200</buffer>
</socket>
```

- Event channel

```
<channel id="13" name="work">
  <periodic>200ms</periodic>
  <deadline>100ms</deadline>
  <event id="1" name="status">
    <size>120</size>
  </event>
</channel>
<channel id="42" name="emergency">
  <sporadic>500ms</sporadic>
  <deadline>50ms</deadline>
</channel>
```



Application Development (2/3)

- Publisher with reference to event channels

```
<server name="send">
  <channel ref="work" />
</server>
```

- Subscriber with handling logic and requirements

```
<client name="rec">
  <handler name="control">
    <event ref="system.send.work.status" />
    <code>CtrlAction.instance()</code>
    <wcc>50ms</wcc>
  </handler>
</client>
```

- Reference to system profile

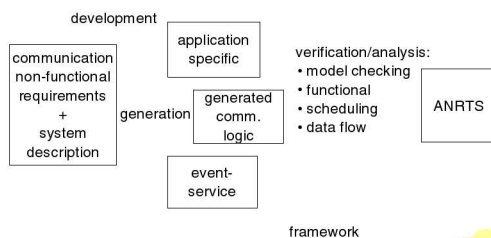
```
<hw-spec-data>uri</hw-spec-data>
```

- Program logic and network access point driver are Java classes with fabric methods to integrate in declaration



Application Development (3/3)

- Development process



Current Summary – Next Goals

- Asynchronous communication with real-time
 - Publish/Subscribe protocol
 - Uniform API for HRTJ and FRTJ
 - Static and dynamic implementation
 - Integration in scheduling
 - Code generation from description
- Peer-to-peer API over publish/subscribe event service
 - soft real-time implementation
- DDS with publish/subscribe event service
 - even hard real-time?



Thank you! – Any questions?

- HIJA project website:
<http://www.hija.info>



- event channel network:
<http://www.eventchannelnetwork.org>



- FZI Karlsruhe:
<http://www.fzi.de/ajc/>

